## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- (Original) A method for scheduling a fuel split for a gas turbine combustor comprising;
- a. determining a target exhaust temperature corresponding to a desired nitrogen oxide (NOx) at a reference fuel split;
- b. determining an exhaust temperature error based on a comparison between a scheduled exhaust temperature and the target exhaust temperature;
- c. converting the exhaust temperature error to a projected NOx leveling fuel split adjustment;
- d. adjusting the reference fuel split using the projected NOx leveling fuel split adjustment, and
  - e. applying the adjusted fuel split to determine fuel flow to the combustor.
- (Original) A method as in claim 1 wherein the target exhaust temperature is
  determined based on at least one parameter of a group of parameters consisting of specific
  humidity, compressor inlet pressure loss and turbine exhaust back pressure.
- (Original) A method as in claim 1 wherein the fuel split level is a plurality of fuel split levels each indicating a portion of fuel flow to one of a plurality of zones of fuel nozzles in the combustor.
- (Original) A method as in claim 1 wherein steps (b) through (d) are performed in connection with a nitrogen oxide (NOx) leveling algorithm.
- (Original) A method as in claim 1 wherein the conversion of the exhaust temperature error to the projected NOx leveling adjustment further comprises: determining a projected NOx level from the exhaust temperature error; determining an adjusted Q factor as a

ratio of a NOx level baseline request and the projected NOx level, and applying the adjusted Q factor to determine the projected NOx level adjustment.

- (Original) A method as in claim 5 further comprising determining the adjusted NOx level from the exhaust temperature error.
- 7. (Original) A method as in claim 6 wherein the determination of the adjusted NOx level from the exhaust temperature error further comprises correcting the exhaust temperature error account for a condition of a compressor in the gas turbine, and applying the corrected exhaust temperature error to an empirically derived curve relating corrected exhaust temperature error to the adjusted NOx level.
- 8. (Original) A method as in claim 7 wherein the condition of the compressor is a temperate of compressed air discharged from the compressor.
- (Original) A method as in claim 1 wherein the comparison used to determine the
  exhaust temperature error is a difference between a scheduled exhaust temperature and the target
  exhaust temperature, and said difference is the exhaust temperature error.
- (Withdrawn) A method for adjusting a base fuel split schedule for a gas turbine combustor comprising:
- a. determining a corrected target turbine exhaust temperature based on a compressor pressure condition:
- determining a first corrected temperature adjustment to the corrected target exhaust temperature based on at least one parameter of a group of parameters consisting of compressor inlet pressure loss and turbine exhaust back pressure;
- c. determining a second corrected temperature adjustment to the corrected target exhaust temperature based on a nitrogen oxide (NOx) limiting requirement and the base fuel split command:
- d. determining an adjusted corrected target exhaust temperature based on the first corrected temperature adjustment and the second corrected temperature adjustment;

- e. determining an uncorrected adjusted target exhaust temperature based on a temperature of a discharge of a compressor of the gas turbine and the adjusted corrected target exhaust temperature;
- f. determining a temperature difference between the uncorrected adjusted corrected target exhaust temperature and an uncorrected target exhaust temperature selected from a combustor temperature leveling algorithm, and
  - g. applying the temperature difference to generate an adjusted fuel split schedule.
- (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 10 wherein the uncorrected adjusted target exhaust temperature is further based on an uncorrected temperature adjustment determined from ambient specific humidity.
- 12. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 10 wherein the difference between the uncorrected adjusted corrected target exhaust temperature and an uncorrected target exhaust temperature is limited to a positive value.
- 13. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 10 wherein the adjusted fuel split schedule further comprises an adjusted first fuel split indicating a portion of fuel flow to a primary fuel nozzle in the combustor and an adjusted second fuel split indicating a portion of the fuel flow to be mixed with secondary air entering the combustor.
- 14. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 10 wherein the base fuel split schedule is determined for a base load condition at which the gas turbine is operating at full rated power.
- 15. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 10 wherein steps (b) through (g) are performed in connection with a nitrogen oxide (NOx) leveling algorithm.
- 16. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 10 wherein the application of the difference further comprises: deriving an adjusted projected NOx level from the temperature difference; generating a Q factor as a ratio of a NOx emission baseline and the adjusted projected NOx level; applying the Q factor to the base fuel split schedule to generate the adjusted fuel split schedule.
- 17. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 16 further comprising determining the adjusted NOx level from a corrected value of the temperature difference.

- 18. (Original) A method for scheduling a fuel split for a combustor of a gas turbine comprising:
- a. determining a target exhaust temperature corresponding to a desired NOx emission level from the gas turbine at a reference fuel split schedule, wherein the target exhaust temperature is based on at least one parameter of a group of parameters consisting of specific humidity, compressor inlet pressure loss and turbine exhaust back pressure;
- b. determining an exhaust temperature error based on a temperature difference between a scheduled exhaust temperature and the target exhaust temperature:
- c. converting the exhaust temperature error to a projected NOx level error at the reference fuel schedule, and
- d. converting the projected NOx level error to an adjustment to the reference fuel schedule.
- 19. (Original) A method as in claim 18 wherein the adjusted reference fuel split schedule further comprises an adjusted first fuel split indicating a portion of fuel flow to a primary fuel nozzle in the combustor and an adjusted second fuel spit indicating a portion of the fuel flow to be mixed with secondary air entering the combustor.
- 20. (Original) A method as in claim 18 wherein the reference fuel split schedule is determined for a base load condition at which the gas turbine is operating at full rated power.
- 21. (Original) A method as in claim 18 wherein steps (b) through (d) are performed in connection with a nitrogen oxide (NOx) leveling algorithm.
- 22. (Original) A method as in claim 18 wherein the conversion of the temperature difference further comprises: deriving an adjusted Q factor as a ratio of a NOx base request and an adjusted NOx level derived from the temperature difference; applying the adjusted Q factor to the reference fuel split schedule to generate the adjustment to the reference fuel schedule.